



# Postgres Past Present, Future

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# When I started using Postgres

- No UTF-8, even no 8-bit
- No WAL
- No MVCC
- No replication
- No usable non-scalar data types
- No subselects, no window functions, no CTE
- It was Postgres95

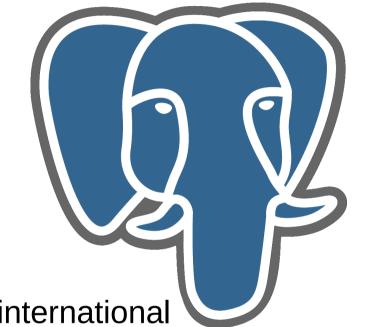


# What is PostgreSQL

PostgreSQL — The world"s most advanced open source object-relational database.

Extendable — data types, operators, functions, indexes.

ANSI SQL (1992, 1999, 2003, 2008, 2011), NoSQL (key-value, JSON, JSONB)



Developed and supported by independent international community (users, developers, companies)

Pronunciation: post-gress-Q-L, post-gres, pgsql

Web: <a href="http://www.postgresql.org">http://www.postgresql.org</a>, (<a href="BSD">BSD</a>, MIT) - like



# Important features of PostgreSQL

#### Legendary reliability and stability

It is extremely common for companies to report that PostgreSQL has never crashed for them in several years of high activity operation. Not even once. It just works.

#### **Cross platform**

PostgreSQL is available for almost every brand of Unix. The last stable version runs on over 34 platforms. You can use PostgreSQL on Windows as well..

#### Appropriate for high volume environments

PostgreSQL uses a multiple row data storage strategy called MVCC (Multiversion Concurrency Control). This makes it especially suitable for high volume environments. Proprietary vendors use this strategy for that reason as well.

#### **Scalability**

PostgreSQL is well suited for the modern multicore CPU and his performance is linear scalable upto 512 cores. Cluster solutions like Postgres XL/XC provides horizontal scalability.

#### **Extendability**

Extendability is an ability to develop a new functionality (data types, queries, access methods) by application programmers (not PostgreSQL core developers) and without stopping server.

#### **Availability**

Liberal BSD, MIT-like license

- \* More profitable business models with wide-scale deployment.
- \* No possibility of being audited for license compliance at any stage.
- \* Flexibility to do concept research and trial deployments without needing to include additional licensing costs.

#### **Independency**

PostgreSQL is developing by the international community (users and companies), no dependency on one vendor

#### **Excellent Support**

PostgreSQL has a vibrant community of committed professionals that are available to help you. In addition, many commercial companies offer support solutions.



## PostgreSQL users













































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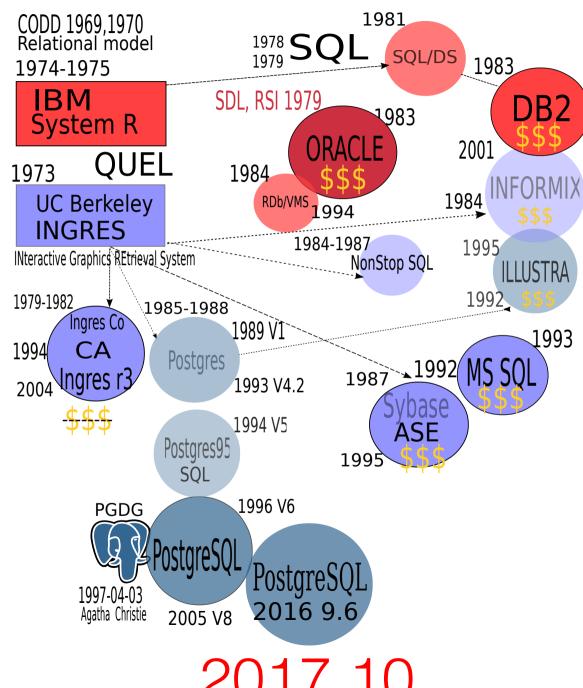
## **+BIG RUSSIAN Enterprise!**



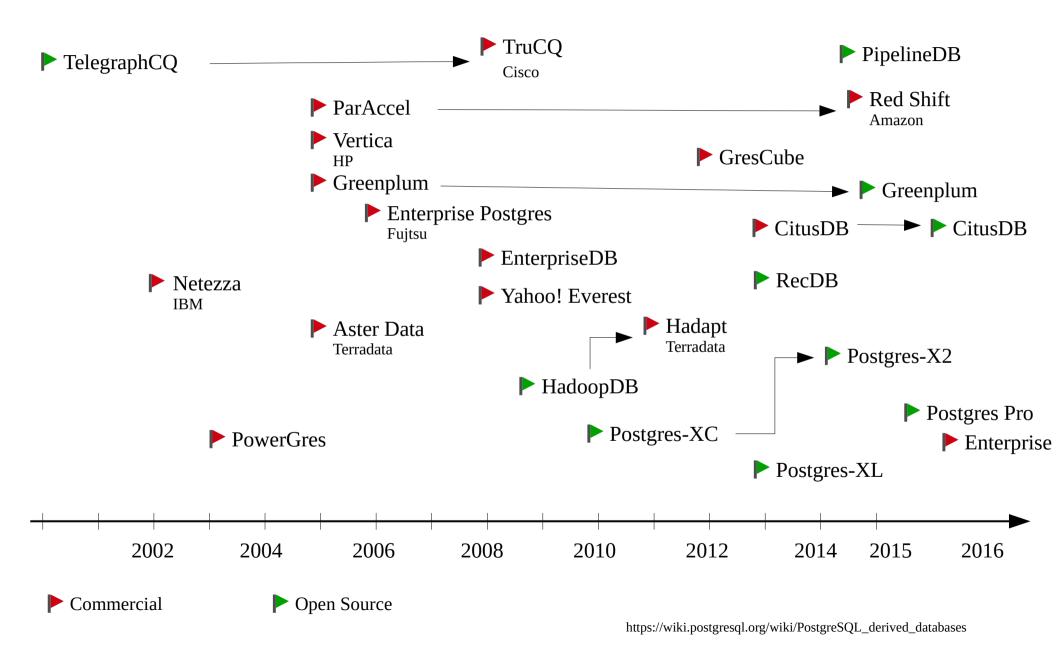
Michael Stonebreaker Turing Award, 2015



# **PostgreSQL History**

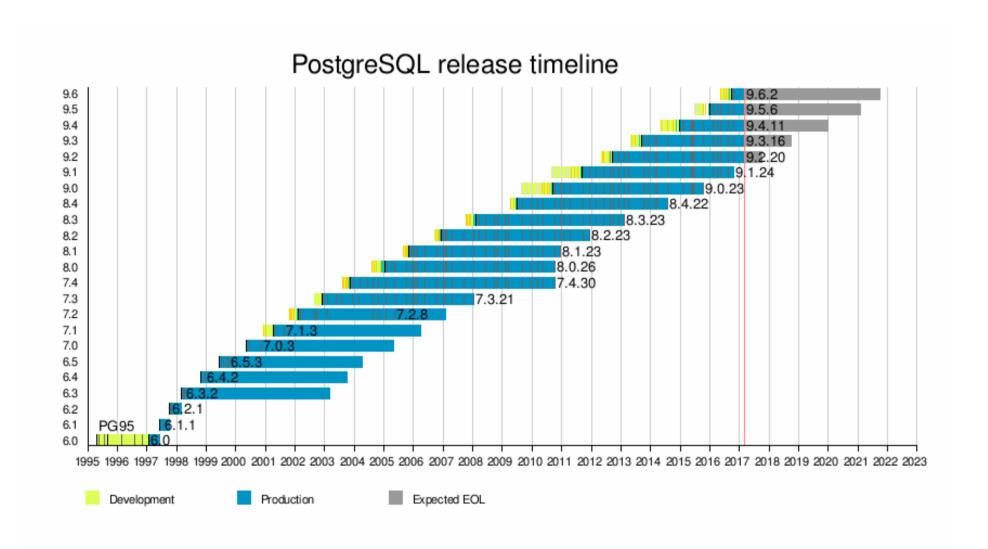


### PostgreSQL Forks (we love forks!)





# PostgreSQL versions (~300)





# Yesterday (9.5)

#### **INSERT ... ON CONFLICT (aka Upsert)**

- Row Level Security
- BRIN index
- Improved sorting (abbreviated keys)
- GROUP BY ... GROUPING SETS, CUBE, ROLLUP (multilevel aggregates)
- Improvement FDW (import schema)
- SELECT ... SKIP LOCKED
- SELECT ... TABLESAMPLE
- Vacuumdb -j (parallel vacuum)

#### **UNFORK**

- Citus DB distributed database as an extension!
- GreenPlum open sourced!

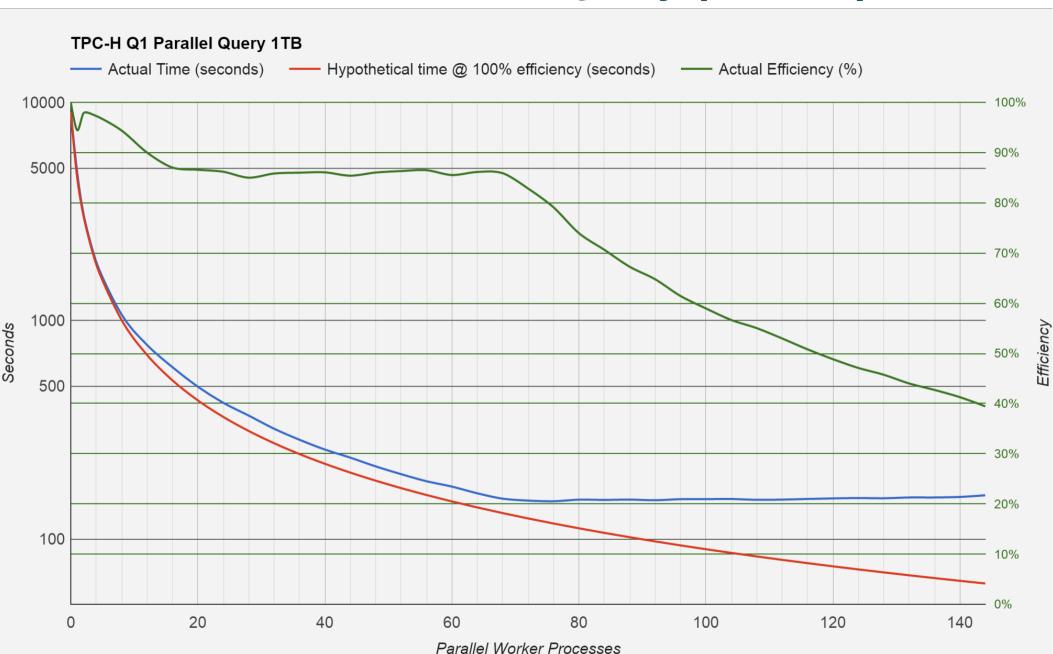


# **Today (9.6)**

- Parallel query execution (sequence scan, join, aggregate)
- Better VACUUM with very big tables
- Extend relations multiple blocks at a time to improve scalability
- Improvement FDW (push down join, DML, sort)
- Indexing boxes and polygons with SP-GiST
- CREATE ACCESS METHOD, GENERIC WAL (RUM access method)
- FTS improvement phrase search
- Combining aggregates
- IOS for partial indexes
- Wait monitoring
- Multicore scalability improvement



# Parallel Query (72 core)



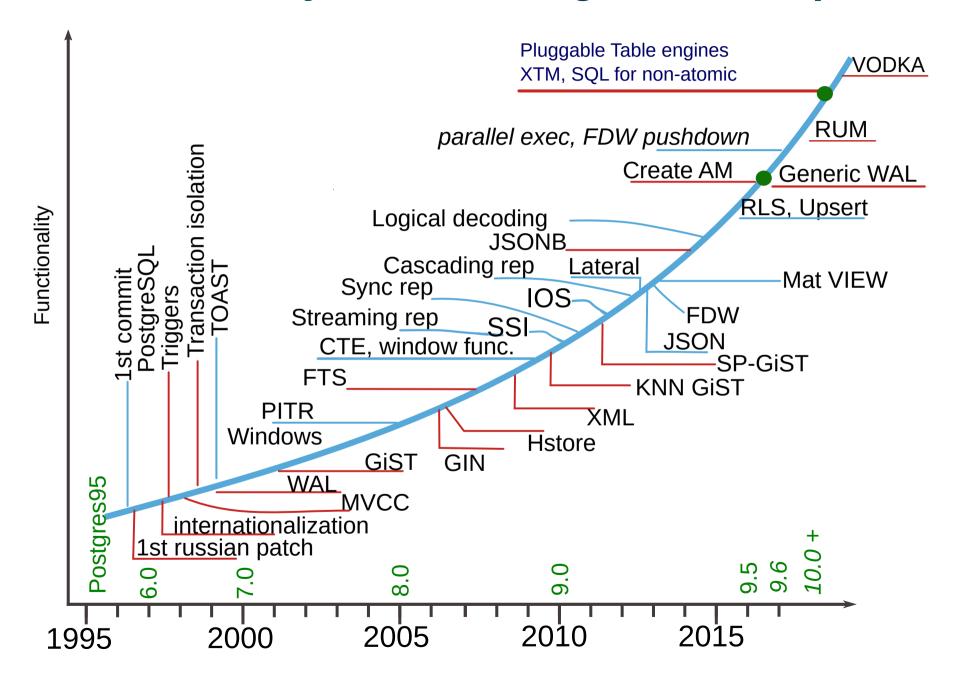


# Tomorrow (10)

- Logical replication in core
- Declarative table partitioning
- FDW pushdown aggregates
- Parallel joins
- Parallel index scan
- Some features from the last commitfest https://commitfest.postgresql.org/13/
  - Covering indexes
  - SQL/JSON ?
  - ....many others....



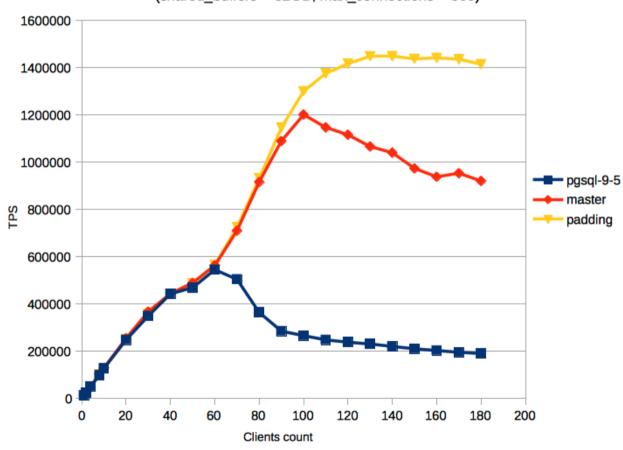
## **20 years of Postgres Development**





# **Multicore scalability**

pgbench -s 1000 -M prepared -S -T 300 on 4 x 18 cores Intel Xeon E7-8890 processors (shared\_buffers = 32GB, max\_connections = 300)

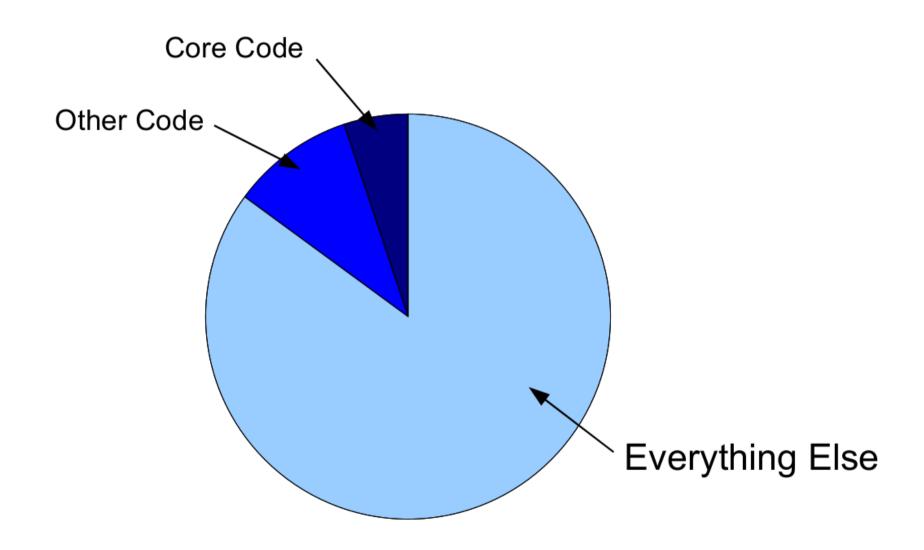


#### TODO:

NUMA support



## There are many ways to help Postgres





## There are many ways to help Postgres

#### **Core development**

Development, review, testing, reporting bugs

#### **Ecosystem**

Extensions, drivers, ORM, monitoring tools... Postgres support in applications Distributions, packages

#### **Documentation**

Improvement, translations, writing books, papers, ...blogging!

#### Meetings, Education

Creating of local communities, Conference, meetups, seminars, hackatons, educational and training courses

#### **Use PostgreSQL!**

Use Postgres in your company!

#### **Sponsorship**

Help development, sponsor community events.



# When I started using Postgres (Today)

- Excellent scalablity on 2-socket machines
  - Waiting for improvement for 4-sockets
- Support a wide range of workloads
  - High security data, relational, unstructured, OLAP
- Postgres-centric companies
  - 2ndQuadrant, EDB, Postgres Professional (roadmaps)
- Postgres groups
  - NTT, Fujitsu, Amazon, Alibaba, Tencent,...
- Postgres Development from
  - Community driven → Business driven
- Postgres is used in mission-critical enterprise systems



# When I started using Postgres (Today)

## Postgres is #4!

318 systems in ranking, February 2017

	Rank				Score	
Feb 2017	Jan 2017	Feb 2016	DBMS	Database Model	Feb Jan 2017 2017	Feb 2016
1.	1.	1.	Oracle 🚹	Relational DBMS	1403.83 -12.89	-72.31
2.	2.	2.	MySQL 🖽	Relational DBMS	1380.30 +14.02	+59.18
3.	3.	3.	Microsoft SQL Server 🚹	Relational DBMS	1203.45 -17.50	+53.23
4.	<b>↑</b> 5.	<b>↑</b> 5.	PostgreSQL 🔠	Relational DBMS	353.68 +23.31	+65.02
5.	<b>4</b> .	<b>4</b> .	MongoDB 🚹	Document store	335.50 +3.60	+29.90
6.	6.	6.	DB2 🖽	Relational DBMS	187.90 +5.41	-6.58
7.	7.	<b>1</b> 8.	Cassandra 🖽	Wide column store	134.38 -2.06	+2.62
8.	8.	<b>4</b> 7.	Microsoft Access	Relational DBMS	133.39 +5.94	+0.31
9.	<b>1</b> 0.	9.	SQLite	Relational DBMS	115.31 +2.93	+8.53
10.	<b>4</b> 9.	10.	Redis 🖽	Key-value store	114.03 -4.66	+11.96

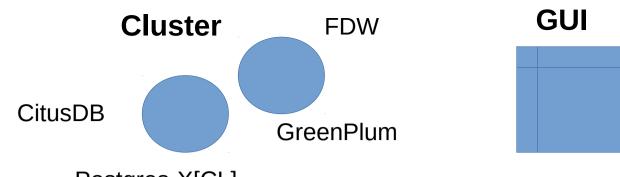


### **Future**

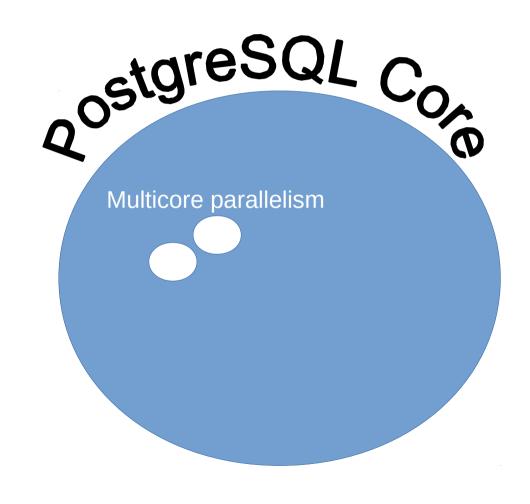
# Several Postgres groups are working on

- Postgres Distributed
- Postgres Vectorized
- Postgres Parallel
- Postgres Asynchronous
- Postgres Extendable+
- Postgres NoSQL
- Postgres Scalable (Vertical & Horizontal)





Postgres-X[CL]



Backup

